Please cancel claims 21-22, 24-44, 64-65, and 85-86 without prejudice or disclaimer to their renewal in a subsequently filed application, and amend the claims as indicated below.

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- 1. (original) A method of detecting and isolating cells that produce any secreted protein of interest (POI), comprising:
- a) constructing a cell line transiently or stably expressing a cell surface capture molecule, which binds the POI, by transfecting the cell line with a nucleic acid that encodes such cell surface capture molecule;
- b) transfecting said cell simultaneously or subsequently with a second nucleic acid that encodes a POI wherein such POI is secreted;
- c) detecting the surface-displayed POI by contacting the cells with a detection molecule, which binds the POI;
 - d) isolating cells based on the detection molecule.
- 2. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the protein of interest is a ligand, a soluble receptor protein, or a growth factor.
- 3. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the protein of interest is an antibody, an Fab, a single chain antibody (ScFv), a fragment thereof, or anything fused to an antibody constant region.
- 4. (original) The method of claim 2 wherein the growth factor is selected from the group consisting of Interleukin (IL)-1, IL-2, IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-7, IL-9, IL-10, IL-13, IL-15, IL-16, IL-17, IL-18, IL-21, Ciliary Neurotrophic Factor (CNTF), erythropoietin, Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor (VEGF), angiopoietin 1, angiopoietin 2, TNF, Interferon-gamma, GM-CSF, TGFβ, TNF Receptor, fusion proteins, and all approved therapies made in animal cells.
- 5. (original) The method of claim 3 wherein the antibody is selected from the group consisting of IgM, IgG, IgA, IgD or IgE, as well as various subtypes of these.
- 6. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the nucleic acid that encodes a POI is selected from a DNA library.
- 7. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the cell surface capture molecule is a ligand-specific receptor, a receptor-specific ligand, an antibody-binding protein, an antibody, an ScFv, a fragment

thereof, anything fused to a constant region of an antibody, and a peptide from a phage display or peptide library and derivatives that bind the POI.

- 8. (original) The method of claim 7 wherein the cell surface capture molecule is Ang1, And2, VEGF, Tie1, Tie2, VEGFRI (Flt1), VEGFRII (Flk1), CNTF, CNTFR-alpha, cytokine receptor components, fusions of two or more cytokine receptor components, or any fragements thereof.
- 9. (original) The method of claim 7 wherein the antibody binding protein is an Fc receptor, anti-immunoglobulin antibodies, anti-immunoglobulin ScFv, Protein A, Protein L, Protein G, Protein H or functional fragments thereof.
- 10. (original) The method of claim 7 further comprising adding a membrane anchor to a protein such that it remains anchored in a cell membrane, exposed to the outside of the cell, and functions as a cell surface capture molecule.
- 11. (original) The method of claim 10 wherein the membrane anchor is a transmembrane anchor or a GPI link.
- 12. (original) The method of claim 10 wherein the membrane anchor may be native to the cell, recombinant, or synthetic.
- 13. (original) The method of claim 7 wherein a signal sequence is added to the amino terminus of a protein, such that the protein is transported to the cell surface, and functions as a cell surface capture molecule.
- 14. (original) The method of claim 13 wherein the signal sequence may be native to the cell, recombinant, or synthetic.
- 15. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the isolated cell in claim 1(d) is an antibody producing cell fused to an immortalized cell.
- 16. (original) The method of claim 15 wherein the antibody producing cell is a B-cell or derivative thereof.
- 17. (original) The method of claim 16 wherein the B-cell derivative is a plasma cell, a hybridoma, a myeloma, or a recombinant cell.

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- 18. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the detection molecule(s) are two molecules that bind each other and are differentially labeled.
- 19. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein a blocking molecule which binds the cell surface capture molecule or POI is added to reduce the binding of the POI to a neighboring cell.
- 20. (currently amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the diffusion of the POI from the expressing cell to a neighboring cell and its adherence to that cell is reduced by increasing the viscosity of the media.
- 21 -22. (canceled)
- 23. (currently amended) A The method of claim 1, further comprising after step (a): detecting and isolating cells that produce any secreted protein of interest (POI), comprising:
- a) constructing a cell line transiently or stably expressing a cell surface capture molecule, which binds the POI, by transfecting the cell line with a nucleic acid that encodes such cell surface capture molecule:
 - b a') detecting a cell from (a) that expresses said cell surface capture molecule; and
 - e a'') isolating and culturing the cell detected in (b a');
- d) transfecting said cell in (c) simultaneously or subsequently with a second nucleic acid that encodes a POI wherein such POI is secreted;
- e) detecting the surface-displayed POI by contacting the cells with a detection molecule, which binds the POI;
 - f) isolating cells based on the detection molecule.

24-44. (cancel)

- 45. (currently amended) A method of detecting and isolating cells that produce a POI, comprising:
 - a) detecting a cell that expresses said cell surface capture molecule in high yield;
 - b) isolating and culturing the cell detected in (a);
- e) transfecting said cell in $(b \underline{a})$ with a nucleic acid that encodes a POI wherein such POI is secreted;
- $\pm \underline{c}$) detecting the surface-displayed POI by contacting the cells with a detection molecule which binds the POI;
 - e d) isolating cells based on the detection molecule.
- 46. (original) The method of claim 45 wherein the protein of interest is a ligand, a soluble receptor protein, a growth factor, or an antibody.

- 47. (original) The method of claim 46 wherein the growth factor is selected from the group consisting of Interleukin (IL)-1, IL-2, IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-7, IL-9, IL-10, IL-13, IL-15, IL-16, IL-17, IL-18, IL-21, Ciliary Neurotrophic Factor (CNTF), erythropoietin, Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor (VEGF), angiopoietin 1, angiopoietin 2, TNF, Interferon-gamma, GM-CSF, and TGFβ.
- 48. (original) The method of claim 46 wherein the antibody is selected from the group consisting of IgM, IgG, IgA, IgD or IgE, as well as various subtypes of these.
- 49. (original) The method of claim 45 wherein the nucleic acid that encodes a POI is selected from a DNA library.
- 50. (original) The method of claim 45 wherein the cell surface capture molecule is a ligand-specific receptor, a receptor-specific ligand, or an antibody binding protein.
- 51. (original) The method of claim 50 wherein the cell surface capture molecule is Tie1, Tie2, VEGFRI (Flt1), VEGFRII (Flk1), cytokine receptor components or fusions of two or more cytokine receptor components.
- 52. (original) The method of claim 50 wherein the antibody binding protein is an Fc receptors, anti-immunoglobulin antibodies, anti-immunoglobulin ScFv, Protein A, Protein L, Protein G, Protein H, or functional fragments thereof.
- 53. (original) The method of claim 45 further comprising adding a membrane anchor to a protein such that it remains anchored in a cell membrane, exposed to the outside of the cell, and functions as a cell surface capture molecule.
- 54. (original) The method of claim 53 wherein the membrane anchor is a transmembrane anchor or a GPI link.
- 55. (original) The method of claim 53 wherein the membrane anchor may be native to the cell, recombinant, or synthetic.
- 56. (original) The method of claim 50 wherein a signal sequence is added to the amino terminus of a protein, such that the protein is transported to the cell surface, and functions as a cell surface capture molecule.

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57. (original) The method of claim 56 wherein the signal sequence may be native to the cell, recombinant, or synthetic.

- 58. (currently amended) The method of claim 45 wherein the isolated cell in $(f \underline{d})$ is an antibody producing cell fused to an immortalized cell.
- 59. (original) The method of claim 58 wherein the antibody producing cell is a B-cell or derivative thereof.
- 60. (original) The method of claim 59 wherein the B-cell derivative is a plasma cell, a hybridoma, a myeloma, or a recombinant cell.
- 61. (original) The method of claim 45 wherein the detection molecule(s) are two molecules that bind each other and are differentially labeled.
- 62. (original) The method of claim 45 wherein a blocking molecule which binds the cell surface capture molecule is added to reduce the diffusion of the POI from the expressing cell to a neighboring cell.
- 63. (currently amended) The method of claim 45 wherein the diffusion of the POI from the expressing cell to a neighboring cell and its adherence to that cell is reduced by increasing the viscosity of the media.
- 64-65. (canceled)
- 66. (currently amended) A method of detecting and isolating cells that produce high levels of POI, comprising:
- a) constructing a cell line expressing a cell surface capture molecule, which binds the POI, by transfecting the cell line with a nucleic acid that encodes such cell surface capture molecule;
 - b) detecting a cell from (a) that expresses said cell surface capture molecule in high yield;
- -----c) isolating and culturing those cells detected in (b) and allowing sufficient time for said cell to secrete the POI:
- d) detecting the surface-displayed POI by contacting the cells with (a) detection molecule(s), one or more of which binds the POI; and
 - e c) isolating cells based on the detection molecule(s).
- 67. (original) The method of claim 66 wherein the protein of interest is a ligand, a soluble receptor protein, a growth factor, or an antibody.

- 68. (original) The method of claim 67 wherein the growth factor is selected from the group consisting of Interleukin (IL)-1, IL-2, IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-7, IL-9, IL-10, IL-13, IL-15, IL-16, IL-17, IL-18, IL-21, Ciliary Neurotrophic Factor (CNTF), erythropoietin, Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor (VEGF), angiopoietin 1, angiopoietin 2, TNF, Interferon-gamma, GM-CSF, and TGFβ.
- 69. (original) The method of claim 67 wherein the antibody is selected from the group consisting of IgM, IgG, IgA, IgD or IgE, as well as various subtypes of these.
- 70. (original) The method of claim 66 wherein the nucleic acid that encodes a POI is selected from a DNA library.
- 71. (original) The method of claim 66 wherein the cell surface capture molecule is a ligand-specific receptor, a receptor-specific ligand, or an antibody binding protein.
- 72. (original) The method of claim 71 wherein the cell surface capture molecule is Tie1, Tie2, VEGFRI (Flt1), VEGFRII (Flk1), cytokine receptor components or fusions of two or more cytokine receptor components
- 73. (original) The method of claim 71 wherein the antibody binding protein is an Fc receptors, anti-immunoglobulin antibodies, anti-immunoglobulin ScFv, Protein A, Protein L, Protein G, Protein H, or functional fragments thereof.
- 74. (original) The method of claim 71 further comprising adding a membrane anchor to a protein such that it remains anchored in a cell membrane, exposed to the outside of the cell, and functions as a cell surface capture molecule.
- 75. (original) The method of claim 74 wherein the membrane anchor is a transmembrane anchor or a GPI link.
- 76. (original) The method of claim 74 wherein the membrane anchor may be native to the cell, recombinant, or synthetic.
- 77. (original) The method of claim 71 wherein a signal sequence is added to the amino terminus of a protein, such that the protein is transported to the cell surface, and functions as a cell surface capture molecule.

- 78. (original) The method of claim 77 wherein the signal sequence may be native to the cell, recombinant, or synthetic.
- 79. (currently amended) The method of claim 66 wherein the isolated cell in (f c) is an antibody producing cell fused to an immortalized cell.
- 80. (original) The method of claim 79 wherein the antibody producing cell is a B-cell or derivative thereof.
- 81. (currently amended) The method of claim 66 80 wherein the B-cell derivative is a plasma cell, a hybridoma, a myeloma, or a recombinant cell.
- 82. (original) The method of claim 66 wherein the detection molecule(s) are two molecules that bind each other and are differentially labeled.
- 83. (original) The method of claim 66 wherein a blocking molecule which binds the cell surface capture molecule is added to reduce the diffusion of the POI from the expressing cell to a neighboring cell.
- 84. (currently amended) The method of claim 66 wherein the diffusion of the POI from the expressing cell to a neighboring cell and its adherence to that cell is reduced by increasing the viscosity of the media.
- 85-86. (canceled)
- 87. (new) The method of claim 66, further comprising after step (a):
 - a') detecting a cell from (a) that expresses said cell surface capture molecule in high yield;
- a") isolating and culturing those cells detected in (b) and allowing sufficient time for said cell to secrete the POI;